

**CITY OF SAN JACINTO, CALIFORNIA  
SB 621 GAMING IMPACT GRANTS FUND**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013**

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To the City Council  
City of San Jacinto, California

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund (Fund) of the City of San Jacinto, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund of the City of San Jacinto, California, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund and do not purport to, and do not present fairly, the financial position of the City of San Jacinto, California, as of June 30, 2013, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Rogers Anderson Maloney & Scott, LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

San Bernardino, California  
January 9, 2014

*City of San Jacinto, California*  
*SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund*  
**Balance Sheet**  
**June 30, 2013**

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**Assets**

Cash and investments	\$ 340,177
Advances receivable	<u>46,088</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 386,265</u></u>

**Liabilities and fund balance**

Liabilities

Accounts payable	\$ 13,381
Deferred revenue	<u>373,678</u>

Total liabilities	<u>387,059</u>
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Fund balance (deficit)

Nonspendable	46,088
Unassigned	<u>(46,882)</u>

Total fund balance (deficit)	<u>(794)</u>
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Total liabilities and fund balance (deficit)	<u><u>\$ 386,265</u></u>
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*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

*City of San Jacinto, California*  
*SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund*  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**For the year ended June 30, 2013**

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<b>Revenues</b>	
Grant program revenue	\$ 232,464
Investment earnings	<u>3,043</u>
Total revenues	<u>235,507</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>	
Current:	
Administration	2,351
Capital outlay	<u>31,918</u>
Total expenditures	<u>34,269</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>201,238</u>
<b>Other financing uses</b>	
Transfers out	<u>(200,546)</u>
Total other financing uses	<u>(200,546)</u>
Net change in fund balance	692
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>(1,486)</u>
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	<u><u>\$ (794)</u></u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

***Note 1 – Organization and summary of significant accounting policies***

The City of San Jacinto was incorporated on April 20, 1888, under the laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges applicable to a general law city. It is governed by an elected five-member City Council.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the City of San Jacinto as they pertain to the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund. Only the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund information is included herein and these financial statements, therefore, do not purport to represent the financial position or results of operations of the City of San Jacinto, California.

*SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund*

In the current fiscal year, the City of San Jacinto was awarded a grant from the Riverside County Local Community Benefit Committee (the Committee), in accordance with the provisions of Senate Bill 621 (SB 621) for the purpose of supporting local government agencies impacted by tribal government gaming. Under the terms of the agreement the City is required to submit an annual financial audit covering the fiscal year in which funds are received.

Under SB 621, the Committee is comprised of two representatives of the County selected by the County Board of Supervisors, three elected representatives from cities located within four miles of a tribal casino in the County, and two representatives selected upon the recommendations of a majority of tribes paying into the Indian Gaming Special Distribution Fund. The Committee is responsible for the selection of grant projects and submission of a list of approved projects to the State Controller in accordance with the provisions of SB 621. In addition, SB 621 requires the grant program be administered through the County of Riverside, which is entitled to an administrative fee up to a maximum of two percent (2%) of the awarded funds.

*Basis of accounting*

These fund financial statements are reported using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified-accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they are both measurable and available). “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and “available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable.

**Note 1 – Organization and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

*Basis of accounting (continued)*

Beginning with the current fiscal year, the City implemented GASBS No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. This statement is designed to improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on the government's net position. Deferred outflows of resources are transactions that result in the consumption of assets in one period that are applicable to future periods and are not considered assets as described by the statement. Deferred outflows of resources are required to be presented separately after assets on the statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources are transactions that result in the acquisition of assets in one period that are applicable to future periods and are not considered to be liabilities as described by the statement. Deferred inflows of resources are required to be presented separately after liabilities on the statement of net position. The implementation of this statement had no impact on the Fund's financial statements.

*Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements*

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by management. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

**Note 2 – Cash and investments**

Cash at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

	<u>Amount</u>
Pooled cash and investments	<u>\$ 340,177</u>

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments for all funds except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures.

For more information on the City's cash and investments as of June 30, 2013, please see the City of San Jacinto's audited financial statements.



*City of San Jacinto, California*  
*SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund*  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2013**

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**Note 3 – Grant expenditures and transfers out**

Current year balances are composed of grant funds received in advance for the subsequent fiscal year. The amounts received were sponsored by the Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians and are comprised of the following:

Grant balance as of July 1, 2012	\$ 301,987
Amounts received during FY 2012-2013	<u>302,001</u>
Total resources available	<u>603,988</u>
Total expenditures and transfers out:	
Capital outlay	(31,918)
Transfers out to City of San Jacinto's General Fund	(199,011)
Transfers out to City of San Jacinto's City Capital Projects Fund	<u>(1,535)</u>
Total expenditures and transfers out	<u>(232,464)</u>
Grant balance as of June 30, 2013	<u><u>\$ 371,524</u></u>

Current year expenditures made from investment earnings were expended as follows:

Administration	<u>\$ 2,351</u>
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Under the terms of SB 621 and the grant agreements, the awards are to be used to mitigate expenditures for road improvements, public safety equipment and contract services including firefighter-paramedic services, required as a result of the impact on the community from the tribal gaming facilities.



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER  
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER  
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING  
STANDARDS**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund (Fund) of the City of Jacinto, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2014. The financial statements present only the SB 621 Gaming Impact Grants Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of San Jacinto, California.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Rogers Anderson Malody & Scott, LLP". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name of the firm.

San Bernardino, CA  
January 9, 2014